

French dailies, as would be expected, have their widest circulation in Quebec where 11 of the 13 in existence in 1964 were published. Some of the largest of these papers have been established in that province for over 60 years. Weekly newspapers serve more people in rural communities than do the dailies. They cater to local interests and exercise an important influence in the areas they serve.

The Canadian Press, a co-operative organization owned and operated by Canada's daily newspapers, provides its 100 members with world and Canadian news and news photographs, mostly by means of teletype and wirephoto transmission. It also serves weekly newspapers and radio and television stations. It is, in effect, a partnership through which each member newspaper provides its fellow members with the news of its particular area and through which the general news of the world is brought to Canada. Cost of editing and transmission is divided among members according to the population of the cities in which they publish. CP gets world news from Reuters, the British agency, and from the Associated Press, the United States co-operative, and these agencies have reciprocal arrangements with CP for their coverage of Canada.

The United Press International of Canada is a limited company which is associated with the United Press International World Service of which it is an affiliate. From its headquarters in Montreal, it provides Canadian and international news and pictures to over 90 subscribers in Canada as well as being the outlet of Canadian news and pictures for world distribution through United Press International facilities. Agence France Presse maintains offices in Montreal and Ottawa and certain foreign newspapers have agencies in Ottawa to interpret Canadian news for their readers.

Press Statistics.—The following tables are based on data estimated from *Canadian Advertising*. Circulation figures are given for daily English-language and French-language newspapers only. Such circulation figures are relatively easy to obtain because, in their own interest, newspapers qualify for and subscribe to the Audit Bureau of Circulation; for these, ABC 'net paid' figures have been used. On the other hand, circulation data for foreign-language newspapers, weekly newspapers, weekend newspapers and magazines are incomplete and therefore not usable.

13.—Estimated Numbers and Circulations of reporting English-Language, French-Language and Foreign-Language Newspapers, by Province, 1963 and 1964

Province or Territory	1963			1964				
	Daily		Weekly ¹	Weekend	Daily		Weekly ¹	Weekend
	No.	Circulation ²	No.	No.	No.	Circulation ²	No.	No.
ENGLISH-LANGUAGE NEWSPAPERS								
Newfoundland.....	3	27,885	4	1	3	29,949	4	1
Prince Edward Island.....	3	27,840	—	—	3	28,092	—	—
Nova Scotia.....	6	156,483	29	—	6	155,177	32	—
New Brunswick.....	5	87,727	13	—	5	89,733	15	—
Quebec.....	4	347,234	21	1	4	348,658	19	1
Ontario.....	47	1,720,293	236	6	47	1,728,395	245	5
Manitoba.....	7	226,477	67	—	7	219,741	65	—
Saskatchewan.....	4	116,392	119	—	4	120,666	119	—
Alberta.....	7	277,755	90	1	7	279,850	89	1
British Columbia.....	14	464,190	89	—	15	519,385	91	—
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—
Totals.....	100	3,452,276	671	9	101	3,519,646	682	8

For footnotes, see end of table, p. 852.